For long term reliability and proper function of Tempeff equipment, it is essential that these instructions are followed.

These are general instructions, valid where applicable.

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MANUAL
FOR TEMPEFF AIR HANDLING UNIT
WITH DUAL CORE HEAT EXCHANGERS

General
The instructions for assembly, operating and maintenance must be followed carefully in order to achieve short and long term function and reliability. It is also a prerequisite for the warranty to apply.

This manual shall be easily accessible to the staff responsible for the operation of this unit.

If the product is modified or changed without consent or instruction from Tempeff the ETL listing (if applicable) may no longer be valid, and the warranty may no longer be valid.

Due to the custom nature of the product not all cases are covered in this manual. In the cases where special items are included in the product, specific instructions can be obtained from the local authorized Tempeff Representative, or by contacting the Tempeff Factory.

INTENDED USE
The unit is intended for comfort heating/cooling use only with no mixing of corrosive or flammable gases.

Storage
Failing to follow the enclosed instructions may cause damage to the equipment, and void warranty.

1) When storing, unit openings and access doors must be sealed.
2) Equipment must be adequately protected from weather until final installation is complete. Equipment stored outdoors must be heated. NOTE: Factory shrink wrap or poly is not considered sufficient protection against the weather when stored in an area exposed to the elements. The contractor is responsible for fully tarping the equipment to prevent damage from weather or construction damage.
3) During extended periods of storage, it is important to rotate the fan and motor bearings by hand at least once a month to prevent bearing damage. The bearings should also be greased at the same frequency. Ensure bearings are not over greased as it may result in ruptured seals and premature bearing failure once in operation.
4) To ensure equipment stays in as-shipped condition, and to avoid corrosion, inspect the equipment twice weekly while in storage. If moisture is discovered on the surface of the equipment immediately heat and ventilate the equipment to prevent corrosion.
Instructions for lifting with a Crane

When using lifting lugs to raise the unit spreader bars must be used to prevent damage to the equipment. If lifting lugs are not present each unit must be lifted with soft straps under the lower framework. Since the profiles used are slippery, the soft straps must be secured to keep the straps from sliding off.

The unit is not designed to carry its own weight from the upper framework.

In the smaller units the al-cell packs may be delivered inside the accumulator chambers. **Cell Packs must be unloaded before lifting and reinstalled after the unit is in place.**

**WARNING!**
The upper framework and/or extending parts of the unit may not be used for lifting.

Mounting the individual sections

Unit shall be placed on a solid and bare surface suitable for the present environment and installation, such as elevated for drain connection if applicable.

Due to the weight of the cell packs it is necessary to ensure that all parts of the unit are well supported, not only under the outer framework but also in between the outer frame. Units wider than 1.5 m supports not wider than 0.8 m (32 inches) from each other.

A (Diagram 1 & 2) = self adhesive gasketting shall be used where the units connect to each other. Suitable high quality caulking may be used in lieu of gasket. (Page 4)
Suggested Framework

All the RGSP units can be mounted directly on rigid mineral fiber insulation boards placed on the floor slab if it is level and if a water drain trap is not required.

Leveling shall be made using water level or laser instrument. If the unit requires a water drain trap the height of the legs shall be calculated accordingly. See page 7 for details.

Hanging a unit from the roof

If the unit is to be hung from the roof, it must rest on a framework supported by rods hanging from the roof.

Support rods shall be centered with the connections between the sections of the unit and the connection points between the rods and the frame shall be located so that the rods don’t interfere with the opening of the doors or the connection of ducts.

When designing and building the supporting framework (by others) and rods the weight of the unit must be taken into consideration. The cell packs make the unit heavier than traditional air handlers.
Caulk all Surfaces as Shown

Alternate Caulking of Split Unit Surfaces in lieu of Using Supplied Gasket

Caulk Along Top/Surface of Section Prior to placing upper section

Caulking of Top and or Bottom Joints

Units with sections stacked one on top of the other should be caulked prior to placing the section on the other.
Fitting of Cell Packs into RGSP units

Care in handling of the Al-cell packs must be taken. For functional reasons the cages are quite small and therefore subject to deformation if treated roughly.

Cell packs are normally delivered wrapped standing on a pallet. When the wrapping is removed, ensure that the packs don’t fall. If they do fall they normally take on a rhomboid form and they must be reformed to square before being fitted into the chamber.

This must be done by hand! The resistance that needs to be overcome is largely friction between the plates.

Smaller units are often delivered with the cell packs already installed in the chamber. They must be taken out before erection of the unit and reinstalled after.

The cell packs shall be slid into position on the beams and between the guide vanes. They must be packed properly; otherwise the doors may not close.

Note!
The rivets must be oriented so that they do not contact each other. Turn the packs so that one set of rivets is on top, and the next is on the bottom. See picture.

When the unit contains packs more than one row high they should be slid in on the supplied dividing angles. These angles should be placed at the ends of the packs, so the cores slide in on the angles.

Some unit sizes have one set of cell packs of different size than the others. These have a different depth and shall be installed last, closest to the inspection door on each row.
Connecting Cooling and Heating Coils

In all cases, coil manufacturers installation instructions take precedence.

With water coils, ensure the connections are made so that leaving water from the coil is what the entering air sees (counterflow).

Mounting an anti-freeze protection device on water coils is strongly recommended to prevent damage to the coil due to freezing. Frost damage is not covered by warranty.

When installing couplings, do not apply undue stress to the connection. Use a backup pipe wrench to avoid breaking the weld between coil connection and header.

Ensure care is taken when handling and connecting coils. Connections and pipes are fragile, and can easily be damaged.

Installing Condensate Drain Traps

Units equipped with optional drain connection must have drain traps field provided and installed on each drain. On both blow-through and draw-through units, the trap depth and the distance between the trap outlet and the drain pan outlet should be twice the static pressure in the drain pan section under normal operation for the trap to remain sealed. For example is the pressure is 2” W.C, 2P will be 4” deep.

Pressure (P) at the drain

This height will also determine the height H of the mounting framework as detailed on page 4. H should be 4P, plus 2”. 
Installation Requirements

1. Service clearances must be maintained on the access side of the unit. Recommended minimum clearances are equal to the section length if unit is equipped with single door, or section length/2 if unit is equipped with double door, as clearance must be sufficient to open doors. Consult dimensional diagram to verify required service clearances.

2. All relevant local and national codes (NEC or CEC) must be adhered to for clearances to electrical connections. 1m or 36 inches is the minimum from the face of any electrical enclosure to any wall or obstruction.

3. Installer is responsible for checking all damper bolts to ensure tightness, as during shipping these bolts may become loose.

4. Installer is also responsible for checking tightness of all electrical terminals and connections, as these connections may become loose during shipping and result in performance issues.

5. Consult wiring diagram to verify which electrical connections must be made in the field, such as unit power, and field connections for the damper to be controlled by BMS. All wiring must be performed in accordance with all applicable codes and ordinances. Warranty is voided if wiring is not in accordance with these standards.

6. If unit is controlled by BMS, controls contractor must ensure the dampers are first on and last off (after the blowers have been shut down) to avoid damage to the dampers.

7. If unit is equipped with blowers, ensure that shipping blocks have been removed from isolation frame.

Before Start-up

1. Ensure that unit is completely and properly installed, and all ductwork is connected. Ensure that all construction debris has been removed, and that filters are clean.

2. Verify that all electrical connections have been made, and check to ensure that correct voltage has been applied to the appropriate sections. Check to ensure electrical connections are tight.

3. Rotate the fans manually to ensure they rotate freely. Check to ensure that belts have been tightened and sheaves aligned using a straight edge.

4. Verify that all damper blades close properly. Blades should be tight enough that a finger cannot be pushed through but not so tight that the damper blade causes the housing to deflect. Excessive tension can cause damage to damper section.

5. Check setscrews and nuts/bolts in damper linkages, bearings and fan wheels (if unit is equipped with blowers). Note that equipment damage due to loose fasteners is improper start-up and will not be covered under warranty!
   After 48hrs:
   a. Ensure unit has been properly locked out. Check tightness of all damper linkage, bearing, wheel and sheave setscrews.
   b. Check belt tension.

6. Verify that all holes in floors are sealed to prevent water leakage.
Start-up/Commissioning procedure

When performing start-up and service, thorough safety precautions must always be taken. These functions must always be performed by trained, experienced personnel. View “Before Start-up” description before attempting start-up.

1. Verify that there is power to the fan motors
2. Verify that there is power to the unit control cabinet (consult wiring diagram for unit control cabinet power terminals)
3. Enable supply air fans and exhaust air fans, and check for correct rotation. If incorrect rotation, correct wiring to ensure fans rotate in proper direction.
4. Check supply and exhaust motor amp draws against rated amp draw on motor rating plate.
5. Test operation of damper motor by engaging the R1 relay. The actuator should now run continuously.
6. If Ambient air is above 68 deg F (20 deg C), increase temperature on thermostat GT2 (exhaust t’stat) until it is above ambient temperature. If expected supply air is above 59 deg F (15 deg C) increase temperature on thermostat GT1 (supply t’stat) until it is above expected temperature. Dampers should now cycle every 60 seconds.
7. Change GT2 back to 68 deg F (20 deg C), and GT1 back to 59 deg F (15 deg C). If the unit is to operate as a standalone unit an enable switch (by others) will be required. If the BMS is to operate the unit, connect as per field wiring diagram.
8. If unit does not operate as expected, consult wiring diagram and begin troubleshooting wiring with your voltmeter. Ensure all wiring terminations have been tightened.
Maintenance

Regular maintenance is necessary to ensure the efficient operation and long life of this unit. This maintenance should be performed by, or supervised by qualified service personnel. A maintenance schedule should be prepared for the unit based on its application and location.

Recommended Monthly Maintenance

1. Check for loose connections in the wiring
2. Check the voltage at the unit while it is in operation.
3. Check motor amperage draws against the rating plate values.
4. Inspect all contactors to ensure that they are clean and making good contact.
5. Clean or replace air filters if necessary.
6. Check all damper, linkages and damper actuators, adjust and tighten as required.
7. Check all belts; adjust or replace as necessary.
8. Check operation of all safety controls.

Recommended Yearly Maintenance

1. Perform the monthly maintenance recommended.
2. Inspect the blower wheels and housing; clean if necessary
3. Inspect all setscrews on blower wheels and pulleys to ensure they are secured to their respective shafts.
4. Inspect all operating and safety controls; clean and replace if necessary.
5. Inspect heat exchanger cores, clean if necessary.

BEARING INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

NOTE: To prevent premature failure – please ensure greasing instructions below are applied. As well, tighten bearing set screws, collars, and wheel lugs every four to six months.

ENGINEERING – BALL & ROLLER BEARINGS LUBRICATION

For bearings that are equipped with a hydraulic grease fitting threaded into the housing the proper amount of lubricant in the bearing is important. Both excessive and inadequate lubrication may cause failure. The bearings should be re-lubricated while they are rotating (if it is safe to do so); the grease should be pumped in slowly until a slight bead forms around the seals. The bead in addition to acting as an indicator of adequate relubrication provides additional protection against the entry of foreign matter and helps flush out contaminates in the bearing.

By the time the slight bead has formed, it will be noticed that the bearing temperature will rise. It is not uncommon for the temperature to raise as much as 30°F after re-lubrication. If necessary to re-lubricate while the bearing is idle, refer to the recommended re-lubrication grease chart tables on the following page for various sizes of the bearings.

LUBRICANT - STANDARD BEARINGS

All bearing units are pre-lubricated at the factory with lithium soap grease, which is compatible with multi-purpose grease readily available from local suppliers. The lubricant selected for factory lubrication uses a highly refined mineral oil with a high viscosity index, thickened with lithium soap to conform to NLGI grade 2 consistency. A suitable additive package is added to protect the highly polished rolling contact surfaces from corrosion and oxidation of the lubricant. The lubricant is satisfactory for an operating temperature range of -30°F to +250°F.

Select standard industrial grade greases that conform to the following specifications for optimum bearing performance:
General Duty Ball & Roller;
58-75  SUS @ 210°F  
450-750 SUS @ 100°F  

Premium Duty Ball & Roller;
68-75.1  SUS @ 210°F  
600-750 SUS @ 100°F  

Heavy Duty Roller Bearing;
82   SUS @ 210°F  
886   SUS @ 100°F  

NOTE: For heavy loaded roller bearing applications, grease with EP additives is often recommended for optimum performance.

TABLE: RECOMMENDED LUBRICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ball Bearings</th>
<th>Grease Charge (ounces)</th>
<th>Roller Bearing</th>
<th>Grease Charge (ounces)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shaft Size (inches)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Shaft Size (inches)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>¼ to 3/16</td>
<td>0.03</td>
<td>1-3/16 to 1-1/4</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>½ to ¾</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1-3/8 to 1-7/16</td>
<td>0.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-1/4 to 1-1/2</td>
<td>0.15</td>
<td>1-1/2 to 1-11/16</td>
<td>0.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1-11/16 to 1-15/16</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>1-3/4 to 2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 to 2-7/16</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>2 to 2-3/16</td>
<td>0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-1/2 to 2-15/16</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>2-1/4 to 2-1/2</td>
<td>0.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 3-7/16</td>
<td>0.85</td>
<td>2-11/16 to 3</td>
<td>0.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-1/2 to 4</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>3-3/16 to 3-1/2</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3-15/16 to 4</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>4-7/16 to 4-1/2</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Frequency of re-lubrication depends on operating conditions. The bearing operating temperature is the best index for determining a re-lubrication schedule. The following chart gives the frequency of re-lubrication based upon continuous operation for various operating temperatures and can be used as a satisfactory guide for determining when bearings should be re-lubricated.

TABLE: LUBRICATION FREQUENCY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Speed</th>
<th>Temperature</th>
<th>Cleanliness</th>
<th>Greasing Interval</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100 RPM</td>
<td>Up to 120 °F</td>
<td>Clean</td>
<td>5 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 RPM</td>
<td>Up to 130 °F</td>
<td>Clean</td>
<td>2 months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 RPM</td>
<td>Up to 210 °F</td>
<td>Clean</td>
<td>2 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1500 RPM</td>
<td>Over 150 °F</td>
<td>Dirty</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any speed</td>
<td>Up to 150 °F</td>
<td>Dirty</td>
<td>1 week to 1 month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any speed</td>
<td>Over 150 °F</td>
<td>Dirty</td>
<td>Daily to 1 week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any speed</td>
<td>Any temperature</td>
<td>Very dirty</td>
<td>Daily to 1 week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any speed</td>
<td>Any temperature</td>
<td>Extreme Conditions</td>
<td>Daily to 1 week</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TENSIONING V-BELT DRIVES

1. Ideal tension is the lowest tension at which the belt will not slip under peak load conditions.
2. Check tension frequently during the first 24-48 hours of operation.
3. Over-tensioning shortens the belt and bearing life.
4. Keep belts free from foreign material that may cause slip.
5. Make V-drive inspection on a periodic basis. Re-tension when slipping occurs. Never apply belt dressing as this will damage the belt and cause early failure.

Check and tighten belt tension. The following procedure is recommended for tightening belts:

a. Measure span “X” shown in Figure A.
b. At the center of span length “X”, apply a force perpendicular to the span and large enough to deflect belt 1/64” for each inch of span length. Example – the required deflection for a 40” span would be 40/64” or 5/8”.
c. Compare the force applied with the values given in the table below. If the force is between the minimum and maximum range shown, the drive tension should be satisfactory. A force below the minimum value indicates an under tightened belt and a force that exceeds the maximum value indicates an over tightened belt.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BELT CROSS SECTION (Marked on Belt)</th>
<th>MOTOR PULLEY PITCH DIAMETER</th>
<th>DEFLECTION FORCE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>3.0” – 3.6”</td>
<td>2.62 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>3.8” – 4.8”</td>
<td>3.0 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>5.0” – 7.0”</td>
<td>3.25 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>3.4” – 4.2”</td>
<td>3.0 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>4.4” – 5.6”</td>
<td>4.0 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>5.8” – 8.6”</td>
<td>5.25 lbs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Product Warranty

Warranty on Tempeff Heat Recovery devices is one (1) year from unit start-up date or 15 months from date of shipment from our factory. Tempeff heat exchanger modules are warranted against material or manufacturing defects for a period of 10 years.

Our warranty applies for original shipment on all parts and components fabricated by or installed by us with the exception of air filters, and blower belts.

Within the one year warranty, replacement parts will be shipped collect and charged to customer account with credit being issued after receipt of, and examination of the returned parts: freight prepaid to the factory.

This warranty does not include freight, labor, or sales tax that may be incurred by the purchasers and is subject to the following conditions:

1) The unit shall be installed by a qualified heating or ventilation contractor in accordance with the provisions of the service manual.
2) The unit shall have been installed in accordance with all national and local codes.
3) The unit shall have been subject to only normal use in service and shall not have been misused, neglected, altered or otherwise damaged.
4) The unit shall have been operated within its published capacity and with the prescribed fuel.
5) All automatic controls shall have been operative at all times.
6) The heat exchanger has not been subjected to corrosive environments
7) There is no evidence of tampering or deliberate destruction.
8) Frost damage to coils is not covered by this warranty

No representative of Tempeff or any of its distributors or dealers is authorized to assume for Tempeff any other obligations or liability in connection with this product, nor alter the terms of this warranty in any way. This warranty is limited to the express provisions contained herein and does not extend to liability for labor or travel costs incurred in replacing defective parts.

Authorization to return any alleged defective parts must be obtained from the factory before the part is transported and the owner shall prepay the transportation charges for any alleged defective parts. Tempeff will not accept charges for parts purchased unless the conditions of this warranty have been satisfied.

The express warranties herein contained are in lieu of other warranties, expressed or implied, including the warranty of merchantability and of fitness for any particular purpose. Tempeff shall not be liable for damages, including special, incidental, or consequential damages arising out of or in connection with the performance of the heat recovery devices, or its use by the owner. Tempeff liability is limited exclusively to repair and or replacement of the defective part. Parts can be obtained from Tempeff North America, 675 Washington Ave, Winnipeg, Manitoba, R2K 1M4, on the basis that credit will be issued if defective parts returned qualify for replacement pursuant to the terms and conditions of this warranty.
START-UP CHECK SHEET

Unit Model Number:______________________ Unit Serial Number:____________________________
Owner:________________________________ Owner Phone #:_______________________________
Address:____________________________________________________________________________
Installing Contractor:_______________ Start-up Mechanic:______________________________

Voltage:
Incoming Voltage (3 phase Units) L1_______ L2_______ L3_______
Running Voltage (3 phase units) L1_______ L2_______ L3_______
Incoming Voltage (1 Phase units) L1-L2_______ Running Voltage L1-L2
Secondary Voltage ______________

Amperage:
Supply Air motor: Rating Plate voltage:_____________  Rated amps:_________  Measured amps:  L1__________ L2____________ L3_____________
Return Air motor: Rating Plate voltage:_____________  Rated amps:_________  Measured amps:  L1__________ L2____________ L3_____________

Check Points:
___ Check and tighten all setscrews for blowers
___ Check tightness of drive belts
___ Verify fan rotation
___ Check set-screws and damper linkage tightness in main damper section
___ Verify damper blades switchover is smooth (Use S1 switch)
___ Verify damper blades close tightly
___ Verify heat exchangers have been installed correctly (length of heat-exchanger in direction of airflow)

After 48 hours of operation:
___ Check and tighten all setscrews for blowers
___ Check tightness of drive belts
___ Check set-screws and damper linkage tightness in main damper section
___ Verify damper blades switchover is smooth (Use S1 switch)
___ Verify damper blades close tightly

Auxiliary devices:
___ Check per device manufacturers recommendations